

Power Transducer Series

MULTI POWER TRANSDUCER

MODEL **LSMT3**

MODEL & SUFFIX CODE SELECTION

MODEL _____ **LSMT3-AD2**
 AUXILIARY POWER SUPPLY _____
AD2 : 85 – 253V AC / 85 – 253V DC (universal)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Specify code number. (e.g. LSMT3-AD2)
 Use Ordering Information Sheet. (No. ESU-1955)

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Construction: Stand-alone; terminal access at the front

Enclosure protection

Terminal block: IP20

Housing: IP40

Connection: Connector type screw terminal block
 (max. applicable single-core wire size 4.0 mm² or multi-strand wire size 2 × 2.5 mm²)

Configuration: Single phase, 3-phase/3-wire balanced/unbalanced load, 3-phase/4-wire balanced/unbalanced load

Housing material: Flame-resistant resin (grey)

Isolation: Three way (input to each output to power)

Output: Analog output, 3 points

Measured variables

Voltage: U, U12, U23, U31, U1N, U2N, U3N

Current: I, I1, I2, I3, IM, IMS, IB, BS

Active power: P, P1, P2, P3

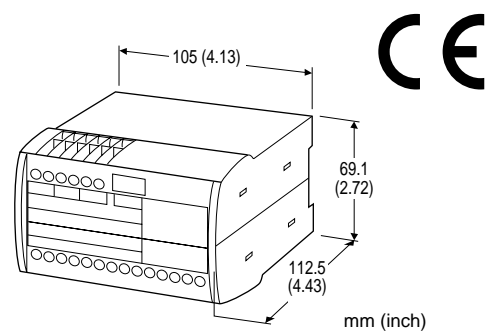
Reactive power: Q, Q1, Q2, Q3

Apparent power: S, S1, S2, S3

Power factor: PF, PF1, PF2, PF3, QF, QF1, QF2, QF3, LF1, LF2, LF3

Frequency: F

Refer to 'Symbols' for the meaning of each symbol.



Functions & Features

- Measures simultaneously several variables of a heavy-current power system: current, voltage, active power, reactive power, apparent power and power factor
- Programmable 3 analog outputs
- Input voltage up to 693V (phase-to-phase)
- High accuracy: Class 0.5
- AC/DC universal power supply of wide range
- Bent output characteristic selectable
- DIN rail mounting
- Conforms to IEC 60688

Typical Applications

- Supervises variables of an electrical power system at the incoming panel

INPUT

Rated frequency: 50 / 60 Hz

Rated voltage

Phase-to-phase: 100 to 693V

Phase-to-neutral: 57.7 to 400V

Rated current: 1 to 6A

Waveform: Sinusoidal

Programmable input range: See Table 1.

Consumption VA

Current circuit: $\leq I^2 \cdot 0.01\Omega$ / phase

Voltage circuit: $\leq U^2 / 400k\Omega$ / phase

Thermal rating

CURRENT INPUT	NUMBER OF INPUTS	OVERLOAD DURATION	INTERVALS
12A	----	Continuous	----
120A	10	1 sec.	100 sec.
120A	5	3 sec.	5 min.
VOLTAGE INPUT (1ph/3ph)	NUMBER OF INPUTS	OVERLOAD DURATION	INTERVALS
480 / 831V	----	Continuous	----
600 / 1040V	10	10 sec.	10 sec.
800 / 1386V	10	1 sec.	10 sec.

Table 1. Programmable Input Range

	X0 (0% input)	X2 (100% input)
P, Q (System)	$-X2 \leq X0 \leq 0.8 X2$	$0.3 \leq X2 / Sr \leq 1.5$
P, Q (L1 / L2 / L3)	$-X2 \leq X0 \leq 0.8 X2$	$0.1 \leq X2 / Sr \leq 0.5$
S (System)	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.8 X2$	$0.3 \leq X2 / Sr \leq 1.5$
S (L1 / L2 / L3)	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.8 X2$	$0.1 \leq X2 / Sr \leq 0.5$
PF, QF, LF	$-1 \leq X0 \leq (X2 - 0.5)$	$0 \leq X2 \leq 1$
F	$45 \text{ Hz} \leq X0 \leq (X2 - 1) \text{ Hz}$	$(X0 + 1) \text{ Hz} \leq X2 \leq 65 \text{ Hz}$
I, I1, I2, I3	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.8 X2$	$0.5 Ir \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ir$
IB, BS	$X0 = 0$	$0.5 Ir \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ir$
IM	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.8 X2$	$0.5 Ir \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ir$
IMS	$-X2 \leq X0 \leq 0.8 X2$	$0.5 Ir \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ir$
U	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.9 X2$	$0.8 Ur \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ur$
U12	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.9 X2$	$0.8 Ur \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ur$
U23	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.9 X2$	$0.8 Ur \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ur$
U31	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.9 X2$	$0.8 Ur \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ur$
U1N	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.9 X2$	$0.8 Ur / \sqrt{3} \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ur / \sqrt{3}$
U2N	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.9 X2$	$0.8 Ur / \sqrt{3} \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ur / \sqrt{3}$
U3N	$0 \leq X0 \leq 0.9 X2$	$0.8 Ur / \sqrt{3} \leq X2 \leq 1.2 Ur / \sqrt{3}$

OUTPUT

DC CURRENT

Programmable range

Y2 (100% output): 1 to 20mA

Y0 (0% output): -Y2 to 0.2 Y2

Output limits for input overload:

[Y0 - 0.2 Y2] to Y0 for lower limit

Y2 to 1.2 Y2 for upper limit

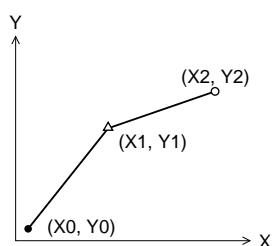
Load resistance: 7.5 / Y2 Ω (max. output drive 7.5V)

BENT CHARACTERISTIC: 1 break point

Programmable range

X1 (input break point): [X0 + 0.015 X2] thr. 0.985 X2

Y1 (output break point): Y0 thr. Y2



INSTALLATION

Power input

AC: Operational voltage range 85 – 253V, 50/60 Hz, $\leq 7VA$

DC: Operational voltage range 85 – 253V, ripple 10% p-p max., $\leq 5W$ (approx.)

Operating temperature: -10 to +55°C (14 to 131°F)

Storage temperature: -25 to +55°C (-13 to +131°F)

Operating humidity: 90% RH max. (non-condensing)

Vibration: 2G

Mounting: DIN rail

Dimensions: W105×H69.1×D112.5 mm
(4.13"×2.72"×4.43")

Weight: 350 g (0.77 lbs)

PERFORMANCE

Reference conditions for accuracy

Ambient temperature: 15 to 30°C

Pre-conditioning: 30 minutes

Power supply: Rating $\pm 1\%$

Active/reactive factor: $\cos\phi = 1 / \sin\phi = 1$

Waveform factor: 1.1107

Output load: DC current output, 7.5 / Y2 $\pm 1\%$ (Ω)

Ripple: $\leq \pm 2\%$ of Y2

Dielectric strength: 3700V AC @1 minute

(voltage input or current input to power or output or housing)

2200V AC @1 minute (between each voltage input, each current input)

3700V AC @1 minute

(power to output or housing)

3700V AC @1 minute (current input to power or output or housing)

490V AC @1 minute

(between each output)

490V AC @1 minute (output to housing)

Accuracy class at 100% output

MEASURED VARIABLE	CONDITION	ACCURACY CLASS (%)
System: Active, reactive and apparent power	$0.5 \leq X2/Sr \leq 1.5$ $0.3 \leq X2/Sr < 0.5$	0.5 c 1.0 c
Phase: Active, reactive and apparent power	$0.167 \leq X2/Sr \leq 0.5$ $0.1 \leq X2/Sr < 0.167$	0.5 c 1.0 c
Power factor	$0.5 Sr \leq S \leq 1.5 Sr$, $(X2 - X0) = 2$	0.5 c
	$0.5 Sr \leq S \leq 1.5 Sr$, $1 \leq (X2 - X0) < 2$	1.0 c
	$0.5 Sr \leq S \leq 1.5 Sr$, $0.5 \leq (X2 - X0) < 1$	2.0 c
	$0.1 Sr \leq S < 0.5 Sr$, $(X2 - X0) = 2$	1.0 c
	$0.1 Sr \leq S < 0.5 Sr$, $1 \leq (X2 - X0) < 2$	2.0 c
Power factor	$0.1 Sr \leq S < 0.5 Sr$, $0.5 \leq (X2 - X0) < 1$	4.0 c
AC voltage	$0.1 Ur \leq U \leq 1.2 Ur$	0.5 c
AC current	$0.1 Ir \leq I \leq 1.2 Ir$	0.5 c
Frequency	$0.1 Ur \leq U \leq 1.2 Ur$ $0.1 Ir \leq I \leq 1.2 Ir$	$0.15 + 0.03 c$

Factor 'c' (the highest value applies)

- Linear characteristic

$$c = \frac{1 - \frac{Y0}{Y2}}{1 - \frac{X0}{X2}} \text{ or } c = 1$$

- Bent characteristic

$$c = \frac{Y1 - Y0}{X1 - X0} \cdot \frac{X2}{Y2} \text{ or } c = 1$$

$$c = \frac{1 - \frac{Y1}{Y2}}{1 - \frac{X1}{X2}} \text{ or } c = 1$$

STANDARDS & APPROVALS

CE conformity: EMC Directive (2004/108/EC)

EMI EN 61000-6-4

EMS EN 61000-6-2

Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC)

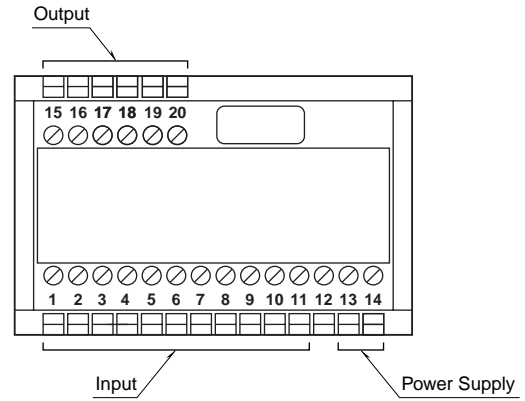
EN 61010-1

Class II, Installation category III

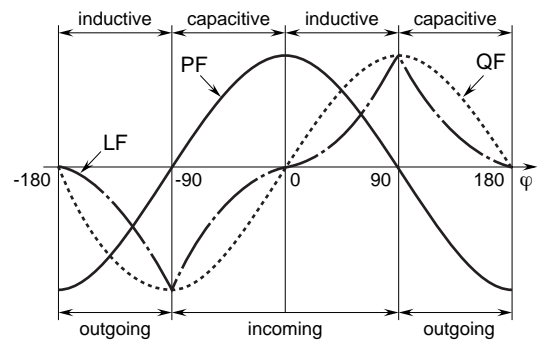
(at 300V) / II (at 600V), Pollution degree 2

IEC Standard: IEC 60688 usage group II

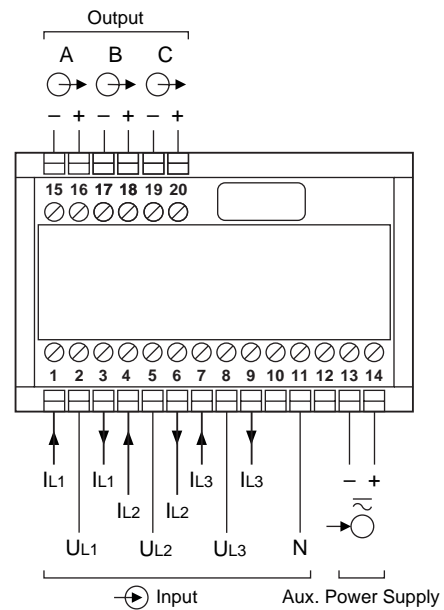
FRONT PANEL CONFIGURATION



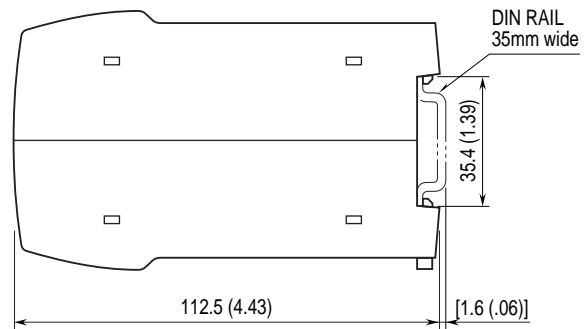
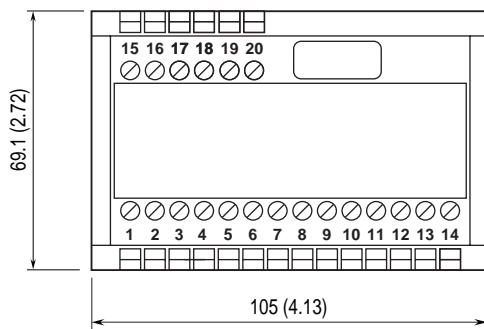
POWER FACTOR RELATIONSHIP



CONNECTION DIAGRAM



EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS & TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS mm (inch)



•When mounting, no extra space is needed between units.

SYMBOLS

X0	0% input	F	Frequency
X1	Input break point	P	Active power of the system
X2	100% input	P1	Active power, phase 1, L1 – N
Y0	0% output	P2	Active power, phase 2, L2 – N
Y1	Output break point	P3	Active power, phase 3, L3 – N
Y2	100% output	Q	Reactive power of the system
Y2SW	100% output setpoint	Q1	Reactive power, phase 1, L1 – N
U	Input voltage	Q2	Reactive power, phase 2, L2 – N
Ur	Rated input voltage	Q3	Reactive power, phase 3, L3 – N
U12	Phase-to-phase voltage, L1 – L2	S	Apparent power of the system
U23	Phase-to-phase voltage, L2 – L3	S1	Apparent power, phase 1, L1 – N
U31	Phase-to-phase voltage, L3 – L1	S2	Apparent power, phase 2, L2 – N
U1N	Phase-to-neutral voltage, L1 – N	S3	Apparent power, phase 3, L3 – N
U2N	Phase-to-neutral voltage, L2 – N	Sr	Rated apparent power
U3N	Phase-to-neutral voltage, L3 – N	PF	Active power factor $\cos\varphi = P / S$
I	Input current	PF1	Active power factor 1, $P1 / S1$
Ir	Rated input current	PF2	Active power factor 2, $P2 / S2$
I1	AC current L1	PF3	Active power factor 3, $P3 / S3$
I2	AC current L2	QF	Reactive power factor $\sin\varphi = Q / S$
I3	AC current L3	QF1	Reactive power factor 1, $Q1 / S1$
IM	Average current $(I1 + I2 + I3) / 3$	QF2	Reactive power factor 2, $Q2 / S2$
IMS	Average value of the currents and sign of the active power (P)	QF3	Reactive power factor 3, $Q3 / S3$
IB	RMS value of the current with wire setting range (bimetal measuring function)	LF	Power factor of the system, $\text{sgn}Q (1 - PF)$
BS	Slave pointer function for the measurement of the RMS value IB	LF1	Power factor phase 1, $\text{sgn}Q1 (1 - PF1)$
φ	Phase-shift between current and voltage	LF2	Power factor phase 2, $\text{sgn}Q2 (1 - PF2)$
		LF3	Power factor phase 3, $\text{sgn}Q3 (1 - PF3)$
		c	Intrinsic error factor